

# Overseas Base Realignment and Closure Coalition

## Transpartisan Letter on Closing U.S. Military Bases Abroad to Improve National and International Security

November 29, 2018

Dear President Donald J. Trump, Secretary of Defense James N. Mattis, Members of Congress,

The undersigned represent a broad group of military analysts, scholars, advocates, and other military base experts from across the political spectrum who support closing U.S. military bases overseas. As a result of a forward deployment strategy that dates to the first years of the Cold War, the United States today maintains approximately 800 base sites in around 80 foreign countries. The rest of the world's nations together have fewer than 80 foreign bases.

The signatories have different ideas about how many bases to close but find broad agreement about the following nine reasons to begin closing foreign bases and improve national and international security in the process:

- 1. Overseas bases cost taxpayers billions every year.** It costs an average of \$10,000-\$40,000 more per year to station military personnel on overseas bases compared to domestic bases. The country spends an estimated \$51.5 billion annually to build and run bases abroad—at a time when the national debt exceeds \$21 trillion and domestic infrastructure is crumbling.
- 2. Overseas bases are now largely obsolete thanks to technological advancements.** Because of advances in air and sealift and other military technology, rapid response forces can deploy to virtually any region fast enough to be based in the continental United States. The development of extremely accurate intermediate- and long-range ballistic missiles also makes overseas bases vulnerable to asymmetric attacks that are very difficult to defend against. In northeast Asia, for example, more than 90 percent of U.S. air facilities are in high-threat areas.
- 3. Overseas bases entangle the U.S. in wars.** Bases dotting the globe fuel hyper-interventionist foreign policy by making war look like an easy solution while offering targets for militants.
- 4. Overseas bases increase military tension.** Rather than deterring adversaries, U.S. bases can exacerbate security threats by antagonizing other countries into greater military spending and aggression. Russia, for example, justifies its interventions in Georgia and Ukraine by pointing to encroaching U.S. bases in Eastern Europe. China feels encircled by the more than 250 U.S. bases in the region, leading to a more assertive policy in the South China Sea.
- 5. Overseas bases support dictators and repressive, undemocratic regimes.** Scores of U.S. bases are in more than 40 authoritarian and less-than-democratic countries, including Bahrain, Turkey, Thailand, and Niger. These bases are a sign of support for governments implicated in murder, torture, suppressing democratic rights, oppressing women and minorities, and other

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human rights abuses. Far from spreading democracy, bases abroad often block the spread of democracy.

**6. Overseas bases cause blowback.** In the Middle East in particular, U.S. bases and troops have provoked terrorist threats, radicalization, and anti-American propaganda. Bases near Muslim holy sites in Saudi Arabia were a major recruiting tool for al-Qaeda.

**7. Overseas bases damage the environment.** Bases abroad have a long track record of damaging local environments as a result of toxic leaks, accidents, the dumping of hazardous materials, and base construction.

**8. Overseas bases damage America's international reputation and generate protest.** Because people tend not to like their land occupied by foreign militaries, it's unsurprising that bases abroad generate some degree of opposition almost everywhere they're found (causing problems for the military). Crimes by military personnel, including rapes and murders, and deadly accidents also damage America's reputation and generate protest. Bases in colonized U.S. territories perpetuate their diminished sovereignty and 2<sup>nd</sup> class citizenship.

**9. Overseas bases are bad for families.** Deployments overseas can separate military personnel from their families for months and years, damaging relationships. Even when families enjoy the opportunity to accompany military personnel abroad, frequent moves are disruptive to the careers, schooling, and lives of spouses and children.

Compared to closing domestic bases, closing overseas bases is easy. Presidents George H.W. Bush, Bill Clinton, and George W. Bush closed hundreds of unnecessary bases in Europe and Asia. The Trump administration can do the same. This would mean bringing home thousands of personnel and family members who would contribute to the domestic economy.

In the interest of national, global, and fiscal security, we urge President Trump and Secretary Mattis, supported by Congress, to begin a process to close bases overseas and relocate military personnel and families to domestic bases, where there is well-documented excess capacity.

Sincerely,

Gordon Adams, Professor Emeritus, School of International Service, American University

Christine Ahn, Founder and International Coordinator, Women Cross DMZ

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